1. **Yii 連結資料庫語法**

$connection=Yii::app()->db; // 連結至DB

$sql="select \* from checkpay";// 找表

$dataReader = $connection->createCommand($sql)->query();

$dataReader->bindColumn(1,$u\_id); //找欄位

$dataReader->bindColumn(2,$nopay);

while( $dataReader->read() !== false ) {

echo $u\_id,$nopay;

}

1. **Params用法**

<?php

foreach(Yii::app()->params['sales\_g'] as $key=>$value){

echo $value;

}

?>

1. **AJAX用法**

$.ajax({

url:'index.php?r=site/Changepage',

data:'page='+page,

type:"POST",

success: function(msg){

},

error:function(XMLHttpRequest,xhr, ajaxOptions, thrownError){

}

});

1. **離開頁面跳警示**

onunload// onbeforeunload js

<label style="font-size: 42px">測試按遙控器離開跳出Alert</label>

<script>

    window.onbeforeunload = function () {

        return "測試確定離開此頁面??";

    };

    window.onunload = function (e) {

        try {

            EOSUtility.getHeranFn2(1, 0, 0);

        } catch (err) {

            console.log("無EOSUtility.getHeranFn2('')接口");

        }

    }

</script>

//抓回到離開頁面事件

if (window.history && window.history.pushState) {

$(window).on('popstate', function () {

//離開後動作

});

}

1. **控制Focus**

$('.input\_type.control').focus(function(){ // Text欄位綁左右

$(this).keydown(function(e){

switch(e.keyCode){

case 37: //左鍵

e.preventDefault();

break;

case 39://右鍵

e.preventDefault();

break;

case 38: //上鍵

e.preventDefault();

break;

case 40://右鍵

e.preventDefault();

break;

}});}

);

1. **Yii 專案**

yiic命令時提示“php.exe”不是內部或外部命令解決辦法

**解决方法:**

因為沒有加入環境變數,所以無法直接執行php.exe.

右擊“我的電腦-》屬性-》高級->環境變數-》系統變數-》PATH-》編輯”,在變數值中添加以下2個執行檔,方便直接調用執行.

**變數值:**C:＼wamps＼bin＼php＼php5.3.8＼;E:＼php＼PHPnow＼htdocs＼yii＼framework＼

**或者:**原因是 Yii 自帶的yiic.bat 找不到php.exe,用文字編輯器打開yii/framework/yiic.bat修改:

if "%PHP\_COMMAND%" == "" set PHP\_COMMAND= php.exe

改為:if "%PHP\_COMMAND%" == "" set PHP\_COMMAND=D:＼wamp＼bin＼php＼php5.3.10＼php.exe,然後在CMD中重新運行 yiic webapp work就ok了.

1. **AJAX 抓JSON格式**

var vv=JSON.parse(html);

console.log(vv.open); // open為陣列名稱

1. **Web 重新整理後導入其他頁面**

// 重新整理回首頁

window.onbeforeunload = function () {

window.setTimeout(function () {

window.location = 'index.php?r=site/login';

}, 0);

window.onbeforeunload = null;

return '將導回首頁';

};

1. **web截圖功能**

引入 <script type="text/javascript" src="http://html2canvas.hertzen.com/build/html2canvas.js"></script>

$(document).on('click','a.camera',function(){

html2canvas($("div.content"), {

onrendered: function(canvas) {

window.open(canvas.toDataURL("image/png"));

}

});

});

參考: <http://www.ladesign.tw/paper/info/jquery_html2canvas_download>

1. **PHPExcel**

spl\_autoload\_unregister(array('YiiBase', 'autoload'));

include\_once(dirname(dirname(\_\_FILE\_\_)) . '/extensions/PHPExcel.php');

include\_once(dirname(dirname(\_\_FILE\_\_)) .'/extensions/PHPExcel/IOFactory.php');

$objPHPExcel = new PHPExcel();

$objPHPExcel->setActiveSheetIndex(0);

$objPHPExcel->getActiveSheet()->setTitle('量販業績表');

$objPHPExcel->getActiveSheet()->setCellValue('A1','門市');

$objPHPExcel->getActiveSheet()->setCellValue('B1','月份');

// 新增頁籤

$objPHPExcel->createSheet();

$objPHPExcel->setActiveSheetIndex(1);

$objPHPExcel->getActiveSheet()->setTitle('賣場-業管-金額');

$objPHPExcel->getActiveSheet()->setCellValue('A1','年');

$objWriter = PHPExcel\_IOFactory::createWriter($objPHPExcel, 'Excel2007');

// We'll be outputting an excel file

header('Content-type: application/vnd.ms-excel');

// It will be called file.xlsx

header('Content-Disposition: attachment; filename="sales\_report.xlsx"');

// Write file to the browser

$objWriter->save('php://output');

1. **兩個同欄位相減 範例**

Select (a-b) as C

select ((SELECT update\_date FROM `report\_view` where sales\_id='tpu0001t1' and product\_class\_id='1' and update\_date='2015-12-15 13:13:36' limit 1) - (SELECT update\_date FROM `report\_view` where sales\_id='tpu0001t1' and product\_class\_id='1' and update\_date < '2015-12-15 13:13:36' limit 1)) as test

1. **Email 正規表達式**

//please input the test email to see is valid

var strEmail = “foxfirejack@gmail.com”;

//Regular expression Testing

emailRule = /^\w+((-\w+)|(\.\w+))\*\@[A-Za-z0-9]+((\.|-)[A-Za-z0-9]+)\*\.[A-Za-z]+$/;

//validate ok or not

if(strEmail.search(emailRule)!= -1){

    alert(&quot;true&quot;);

}else{

    alert(&quot;false&quot;);

}

1. **Html 只能輸入數字**

<input type=’text’ onkeyup="value=value.replace(/[^\d]/g,'')"​>

1. **日期的正規化(javascript)**

//日期正規表達

$(document).on('change','#datepicker',function(){

var str = $('#datepicker').val();

var date=/^((?:19|20)\d\d)-(0[1-9]|1[012])-(0[1-9]|[12][0-9]|3[01])$/;

var month=/^((?:19|20)\d\d)-(0[1-9]|1[012])$/;

var year=/^((?:19|20)\d\d)$/;

if(!(str.match(date)||str.match(month)||str.match(year))) {

alert('請輸入正確日期格式!');

}

});

圖片放大效果 elevatezoom.js

控制視窗大小 $("html").css("zoom","67%");

1. **String 查詢**

// 找出CLASS的第三個名稱 裡的數字

var txt=$(this).attr('class').split(' ')[2].match(/\d+/)[0];

1. **在controller測試驗證**

header("Content-type: text/html; charset=utf-8");

echo "<script>alert('".$order->total\_final.'|'.$order\_id."')</script>";

exit;

**17. PHP過濾 html 語法 strip\_tags(變數);**

**18. DIV 置中 CSS**

div.loading {

height: 50px;

width: 50px;

position: absolute; /\*絕對位置\*/

top: 50%; /\*從上面開始算，下推 50% (一半) 的位置\*/

left: 50%; /\*從左邊開始算，右推 50% (一半) 的位置\*/

margin-top: -25px; /\*高度的一半\*/

margin-left: -25px; /\*寬度的一半\*/

}

**19. CSS 遮罩**

/\*遮罩\*/

.bg{

display:none;

position:fixed;

width:100%;

height:100%;

background:#000;

z-index:2;

top:0;

left:0;

opacity:0.7;

}

<div class="bg"></div>

$('.bg').css({'display': 'block'});

**20. PHP天數轉換 差幾天**

$d = strtotime($result[0]->open\_date);

$open\_date = strtotime(date('Y-m-d', $d));

$now\_date = strtotime(date('Y-m-d'));

$days=round(($now\_date-$open\_date)/3600/24) ;

**22. javascript取radio value**

$("input[name=receipt]:checked").val() == null

**23. Mysql 複製表**

(此作法可以將 Schema 和 Data 都是一模一樣的複製過來)

CREATE TABLE new\_table LIKE old\_table;

**24. PHP找字串**

(preg\_match("/11010001/", $card\_serial)

if (preg\_match("/,/i", "12345,123")) {

echo "條件符合";

} else {

echo "條件不符合";

}

**25. MYSQL第一個**

SUBSTRING\_INDEX(mac,',',1)

**26. 正規化教學**

<http://kingjoy1235.pixnet.net/blog/post/28535617-%E6%93%B7%E5%8F%96%E5%AD%97%E4%B8%B2%E8%88%87%E6%AD%A3%E8%A6%8F%E8%A1%A8%E7%A4%BA%E6%B3%95>

**27. Mysql 模糊**

SELECT TYPE FROM `business\_product` WHERE business\_productclass\_id =1 AND business\_series\_id !=4 AND TYPE NOT REGEXP '434K-|504K-|554K-'

**28. 使用YII Modle，在網頁最上方加入以下語法：**

$yii = dirname(dirname(\_\_FILE\_\_)) . '/yii/framework/yii.php';

$config = dirname(\_\_FILE\_\_) . '/../admin/protected/config/main.php';

defined('YII\_TRACE\_LEVEL') or define('YII\_TRACE\_LEVEL', 3);

require\_once($yii);

Yii::createWebApplication($config);

**29. SQL 搜尋大小寫**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1  2 | select \* from table\_name where binary a like 'a%'  select \* from table\_name where binary a like 'A%' |

**30. PHP 日期加天數**

$d='2016-11-12 11:45:17';

echo date('Y-m-d',strtotime("{$d} + 180 day"));

**31. PHP 補零**

sprintf("%03d", 202)=202

sprintf("%03d",2)=002

sprintf("%03d", 12)=012

sprintf("%03d",20)=020

**32. 觀念 多字串合併搜尋**

$A=20

$B=15

$C =13

搜尋1

陣列 A,B,C 搜尋分開

**33. 假頁面**

History.pushState()

**44. 抓網址**

<script type="text/javascript">  
　alert('location.href: '+location.href);　//輸出値為 location.href: http://www.wibibi.com/test.html?tid=222#333  
　alert('location.protocol: '+location.protocol);　//輸出値為 location.protocol: http:  
　alert('location.hostname: '+location.hostname);　//輸出値為 location.hostname: www.wibibi.com  
　alert('location.host: '+location.host);　//輸出値為 location.host: www.wibibi.com  
　alert('location.port: '+location.port);　//輸出値為 80  
　alert('location.pathname: '+location.pathname);　//輸出値為 location.pathname: /test.html  
　alert('location.search: '+location.search);　//輸出値為 location.search: ?tid=222  
　alert('location.hash: '+location.hash);　//輸出値為 location.hash: #333  
</script>

**45.CSS 加入Padding、Margin不改變物件寬高，物件需加入**

-webkit-box-sizing: border-box; /\* Safari/Chrome, other WebKit \*/

-moz-box-sizing: border-box; /\* Firefox, other Gecko \*/

box-sizing: border-box;

**46. 卷軸不顯示，但可滑動 chrome**

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/16670931/hide-scroll-bar-but-still-being-able-to-scroll>

::-webkit-scrollbar {

display: none;

}

47. PHP 日期加上天數

$d='2017-01-05 20:28:25';

echo date('Y-m-d',strtotime("{$d} + 180 day"));

48. PHP 亂數陣列排序

<?php

$my\_array = array("red","green","blue","yellow","purple");

shuffle($my\_array);

print\_r($my\_array);

?>

48. PHP POST 資料

$ch = curl\_init();

curl\_setopt($ch, CURLOPT\_URL, "http://www.jowinwin.com/hertv2msd/index.php?r=epg/updatelist");

curl\_setopt($ch, CURLOPT\_POST, true); // 啟用POST

curl\_setopt($ch, CURLOPT\_POSTFIELDS, http\_build\_query( array( "allcou"=>$allcou, "mac"=> $\_POST['mac'],"oid"=>$arr2['oid']) ));

curl\_exec($ch);

curl\_close($ch);

49. PHP 日期相差

<?php

$time1 = "2013-12-02 10:00:00";  
$time2 = "2013-11-02 10:00:00";

echo (strtotime($time1) - strtotime($time2));                   //計算相差之**秒數**  
echo (strtotime($time1) - strtotime($time2))/ (60);           //計算相差之**分鐘數**   
echo (strtotime($time1) - strtotime($time2))/ (60\*60);      //計算相差之**小時數**   
echo (strtotime($time1) - strtotime($time2))/ (60\*60\*24); //計算相差之**天數**

?>

**50. Table 畫面卷軸**

<div style="max-width:1160px; overflow-x: scroll; white-space: nowrap; ">

<table cellspacing="0" cellpadding="0" width="100%" class="tbl">

**51. Ajax 簡化**

    $.post("demo\_ajax\_gethint.asp", {suggest: 1,check:2}, function(result){  
        $("span").html(result);  
    });

**52. Mysql 翻頁**

// set the number of items to display per page

$items\_per\_page = 4;

// build query

$offset = ($page - 1) \* $items\_per\_page;

$sql = "SELECT \* FROM menuitem LIMIT " . $offset . "," . $items\_per\_page;

**53. Mysql 日期查詢**

1、查詢今天數據的語句

select \* from 表名 where to\_days(時間欄位名)==to\_days(now());  
select now();//獲得當前時間 格式：2016-01-12 23:21:33  
select curdate();//獲得當前時間 格式： 2016-01-12  
select curtime();//獲得當前時間 格式：23:19:43

2、查詢昨天數據的語句

select \* from 表名 where to\_days(now())-to\_days(時間欄位名)=**1**;

WHERE DATE(timestampField) = CURDATE()-1 better

3、查詢七天語句

select \* from 表名 where date\_sub(curdate(),interval **7** day)<=date(時間欄位名);

或者 select \* from 表名 where 時間欄位名>=date\_sub(curdate(),interval **7** day);

4、查詢近一個月的語句

select \* from 表名 where date\_sub(curdate(),interval **1** month)<=date(時間欄位名);

或者 select \* from 表名 where 時間欄位>=date\_sub(curdate(),interval **1** month);

**54.** [**MYSQL查询某字段中以逗号分隔的字符串的方法**](http://www.cnblogs.com/wawahaha/p/5093152.html)

首先我们建立一张带有逗号分隔的字符串。  
INSERT INTO test(pname,pnum) VALUES('产品1','1,2,4');  
INSERT INTO test(pname,pnum) VALUES('产品2','2,4,7');  
INSERT INTO test(pname,pnum) VALUES('产品3','3,4');  
INSERT INTO test(pname,pnum) VALUES('产品4','1,7,8,9');

INSERT INTO test(pname,pnum) VALUES('产品5','33,4');

**查找pnum字段中包含3或者9的记录**  
mysql> SELECT \* FROM test WHERE find\_in\_set('3',pnum) OR find\_in\_set('9',pnum);

**55. PHP亂數產生器**

function generateRandomString($length = 10) {

$characters = '0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ';

$charactersLength = strlen($characters);

$randomString = '';

for ($i = 0; $i < $length; $i++) {

$randomString .= $characters[rand(0, $charactersLength - 1)];

}

return $randomString;

}

**56. PHP 亂數產生Token**

//Creating a Secure, Random String

Function random\_str($length, $keyspace = '0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ')

{

$str = '';

$max = mb\_strlen($keyspace, '8bit') - 1;

for ($i = 0; $i < $length; ++$i) {

$str .= $keyspace[random\_int(0, $max)];

}

return $str;

}

**Usage**:

$a = random\_str(32);

$b = random\_str(8, 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz');

**57. 不區分大小寫**

$string = ' pr ';

$result = strcasecmp($string, "PR");

if ($result) {

echo $result;

} else {

echo $result;

}

**58. 存取CSV檔**

//Open data.csv

$filename = dirname(dirname(dirname(\_\_FILE\_\_))) . "/employee.csv";

$file = fopen($filename, "r");

//Read data until end

while (!feof($file)) {

$row = fgetcsv($file);

$row[0] = iconv('big-5', 'utf-8', $row[0]); //解決欄位中文亂碼

Print\_r($row);

}

//Close file

fclose($file);

**59. SQL 速度**

select sql\_no\_cache \* from mytable;